

# North Castor Catchment Study

September 1, 2020













## Watershed Planning Process

#### **Phase 1 Existing Conditions**

- Watershed Delineation & Characterization
- Setting the Vision, Objectives, Goals & Targets

#### Phase 2 Impacts, Scenarios, and Directions

- Watershed Planning Elements & Best Practices

#### **Phase 3 Watershed Plan Implementation**

- Developing the Plan & Implementing Provincial Policy
- Monitoring and Adaptive Management



#### **Catchment Studies**

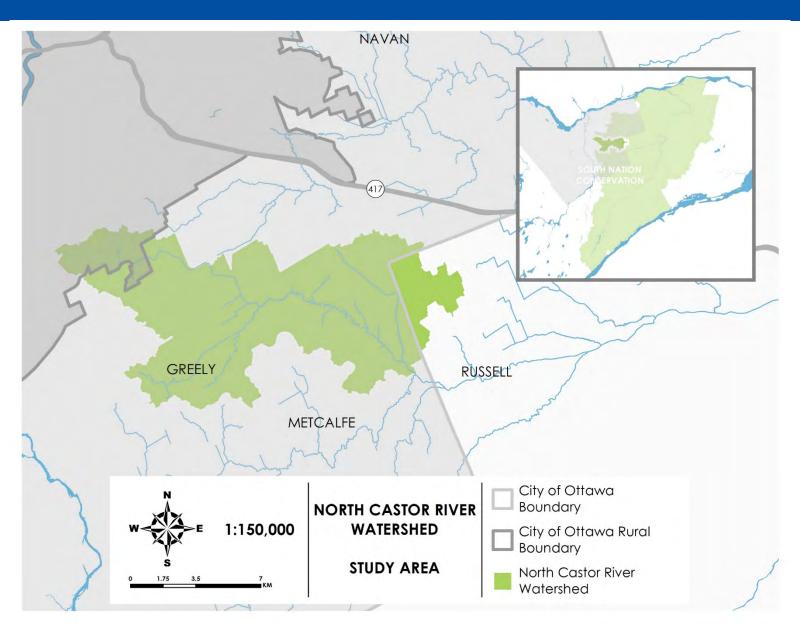


Electrofishing McKinnon's Creek

- Phase 1 of the Watershed Planning process
- Integrated monitoring and analysis of subwatersheds under development pressure
- Includes suite of recommendations for ecosystem and land management

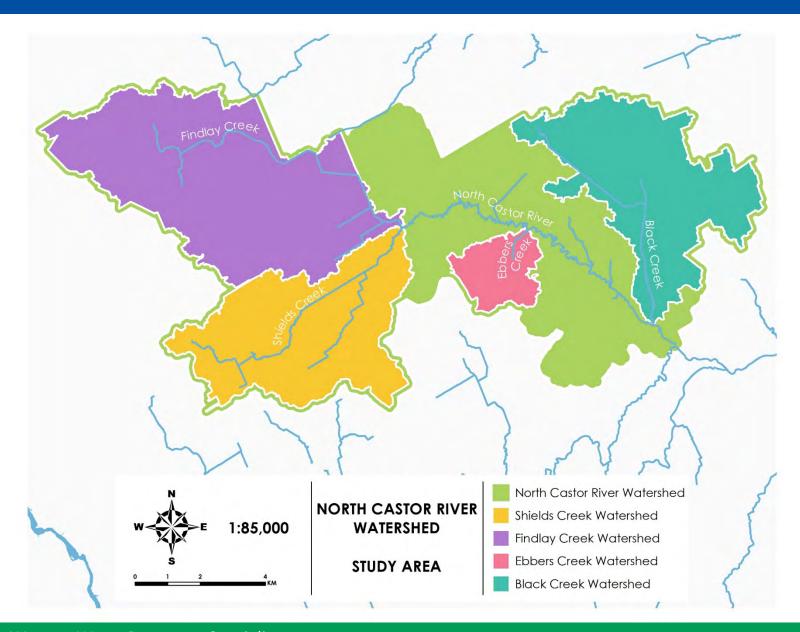


## North Castor River Catchment Study



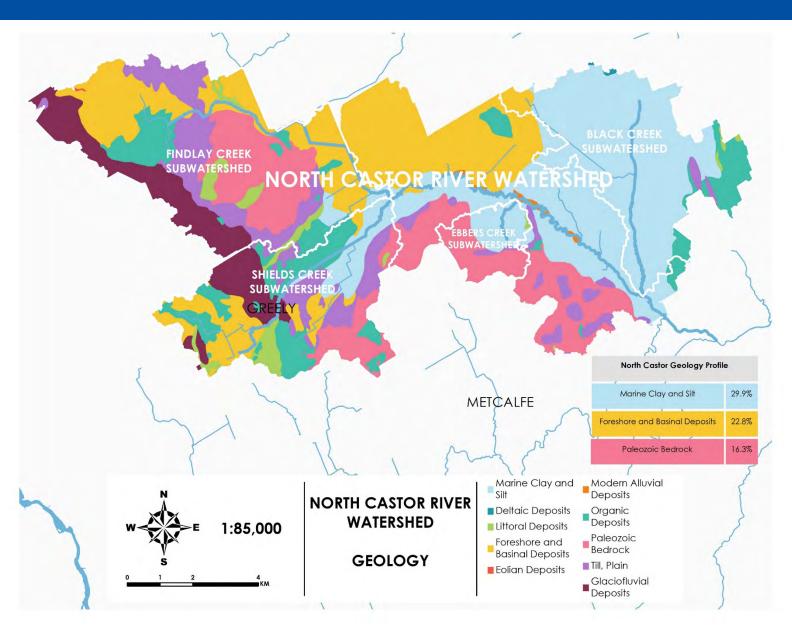


## North Castor River Study Area



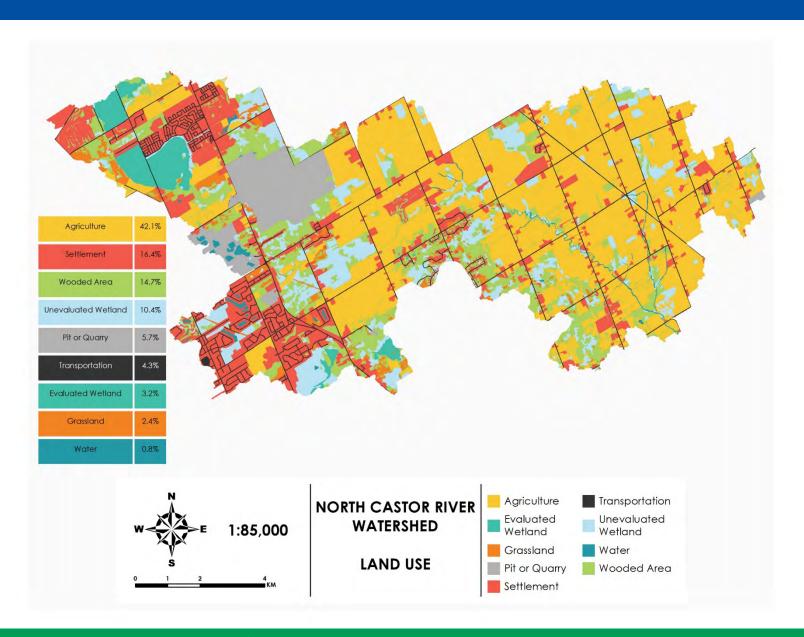






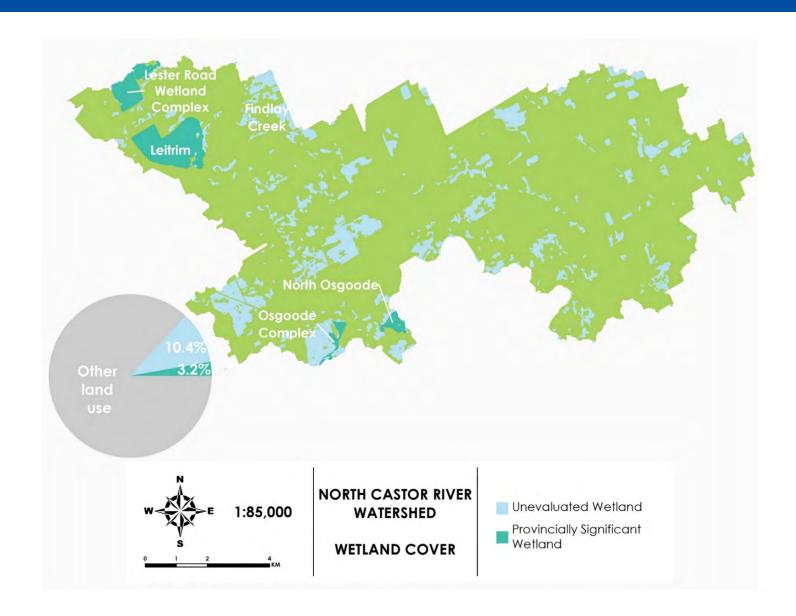






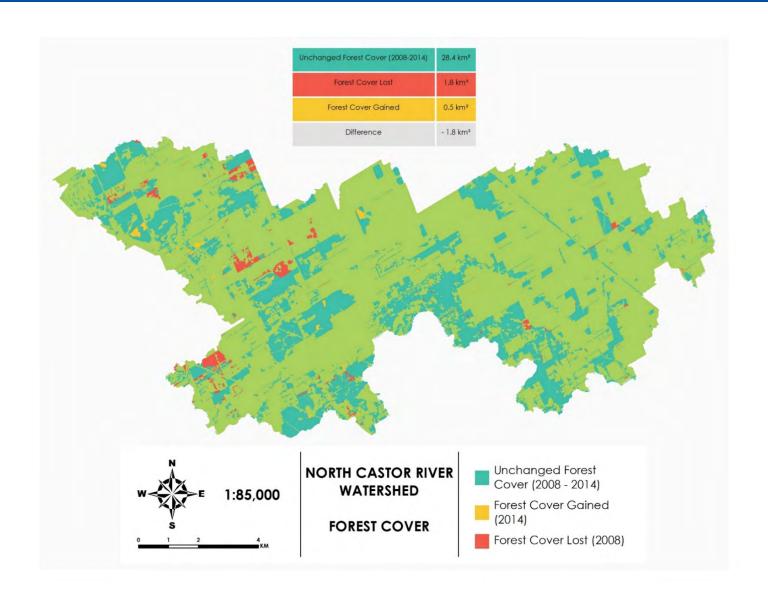


#### **Wetland Cover**



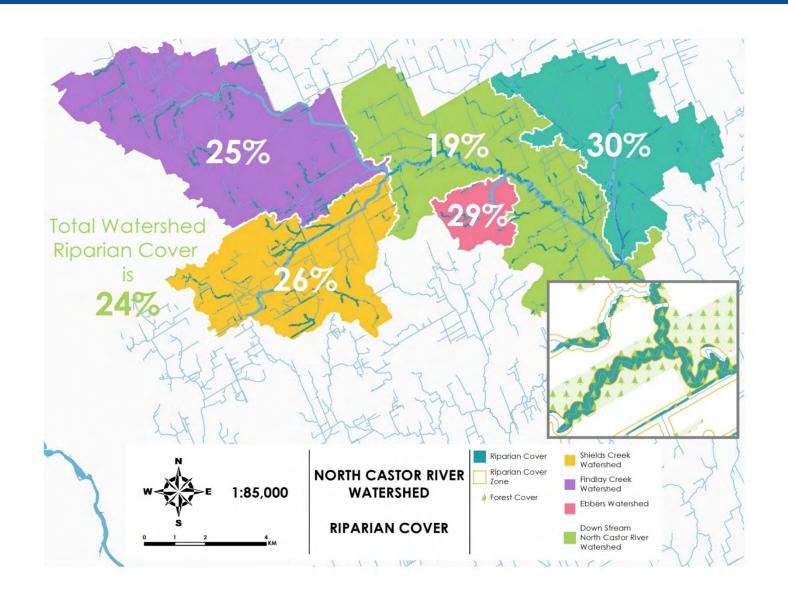






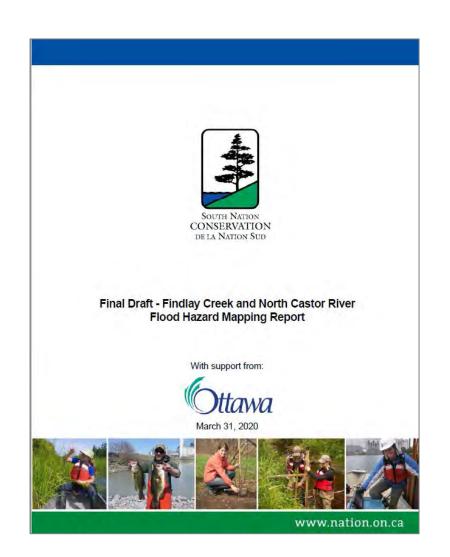


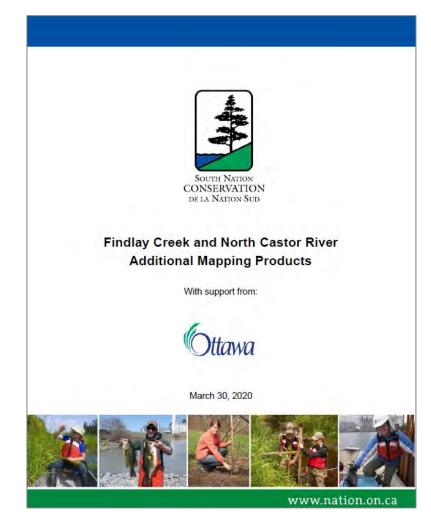
## Riparian Cover





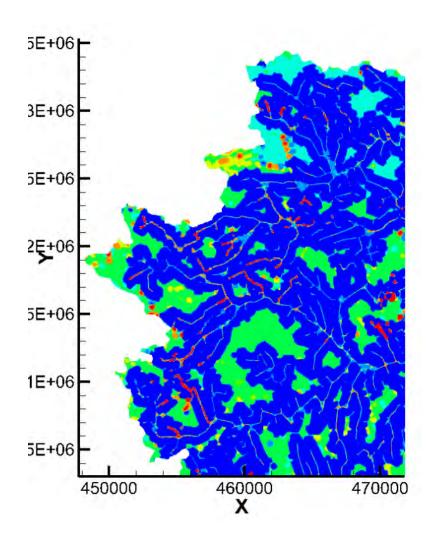
### Water Quantity







## Baseflow Identification



Watershed model output identifies potential for groundwater inflows



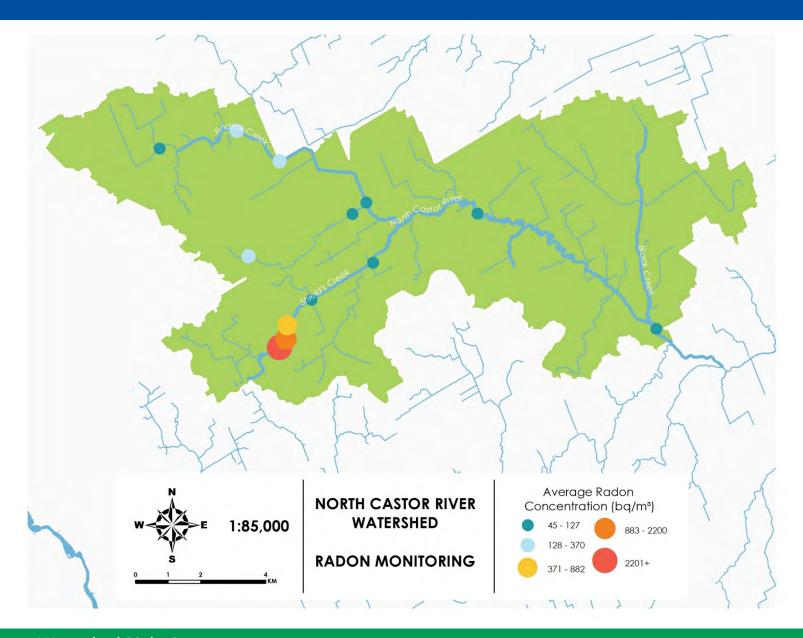
Baseflow monitoring on the North Castor River



Radon sampling on the North Castor River



## Potential Groundwater Seepage









Spring HDF

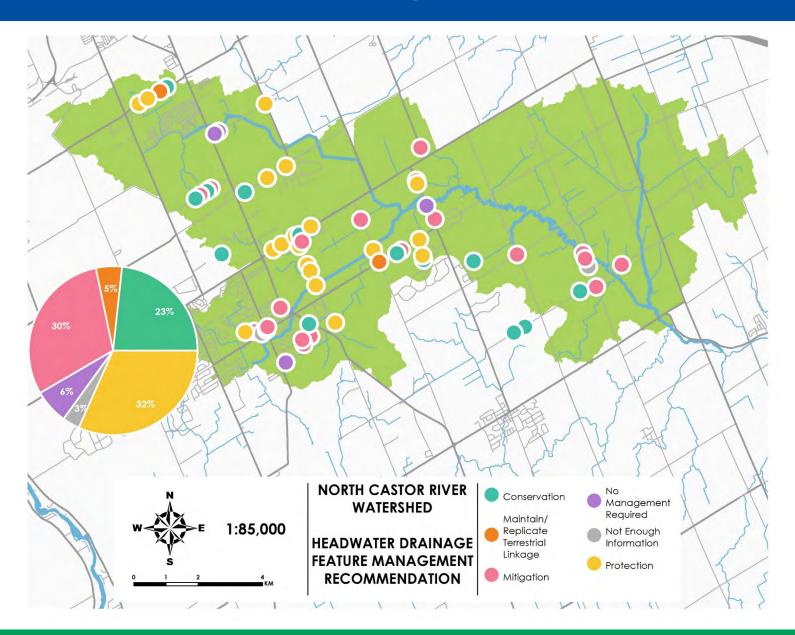
 HDF data characterizes the amount of water, sediment transport, and storage within the drainage feature



Summer HDF



## HDF Management Recommendation





## Water Quality Monitoring – Water Chemistry

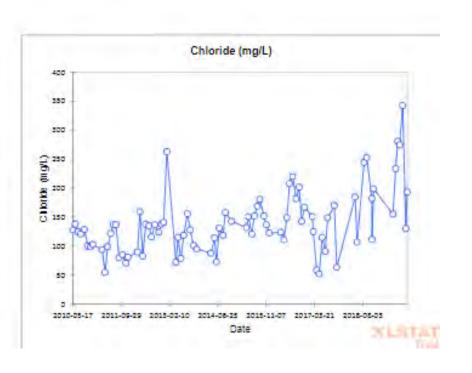


City of Ottawa Baseline Program sampling

- City of Ottawa Baseline
   Water Quality Program
  - Findlay Creek
  - Shield's Creek
  - North Castor River
- Accredited lab analysis:
  - Nutrients
  - E.coli
  - Metals
  - Chlorides



## Water Quality Monitoring – Water Chemistry



- Define baseline conditions (75<sup>th</sup> percentile)
- Compare against known
   Water Quality Guidelines
- Percentage of exceedances
- Seasonal Mann-Kendall Trend test

Seasonal Mann Kendall Trend Test for Chloride at Kelly Farm Drive



## Water Quality Monitoring – Water Chemistry



Findlay Creek at Blais Road

- WQ Results Findings
  - Exceedances common for chlorides, sulphates, E. coli
  - Baseline phosphorus levels near PWQO
  - Increasing trends for chloride, sulphates in Findlay Creek and North Castor River
  - Decreasing trends for total suspended solids, iron



### Water Quality Monitoring – Specialized Equipment



**YSI Sonde Deployment** 

- Multi-sensor, captures water quality data under all stream conditions
- Expensive equipment requiring targeted site selections



## Dissolved Oxygen Levels

	Warmwater Fisheries		Coldwater Fisheries	
	<u> </u>	% of time < 6.0 mg/L DO (early life stages)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<b>2018</b> North Castor River at Victoria Street	13%	19%	25%	57%
<b>2019</b> North Castor River at 8 <sup>th</sup> Line Road	0.30%	2%	5%	63%
North Castor River at Victoria Street	13%	19%	24%	67%

Percentage of dissolved oxygen levels that do not meet water quality guidelines for 2018 and 2019 (Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment 2011)



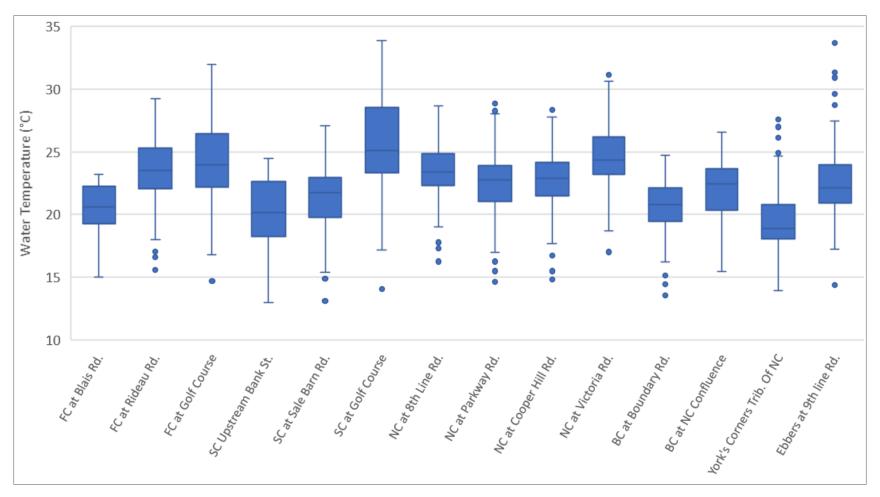
#### Water Quality Monitoring – Water Temperature



- Developed in Ontario by Ontario scientists with Ontario data
- Average of data, distribution of points, and slope of line of best fit all tell you something
- Predictor of species composition, groundwater upwelling, stream shading, thermal pollution, impoundments, water chemistry influence



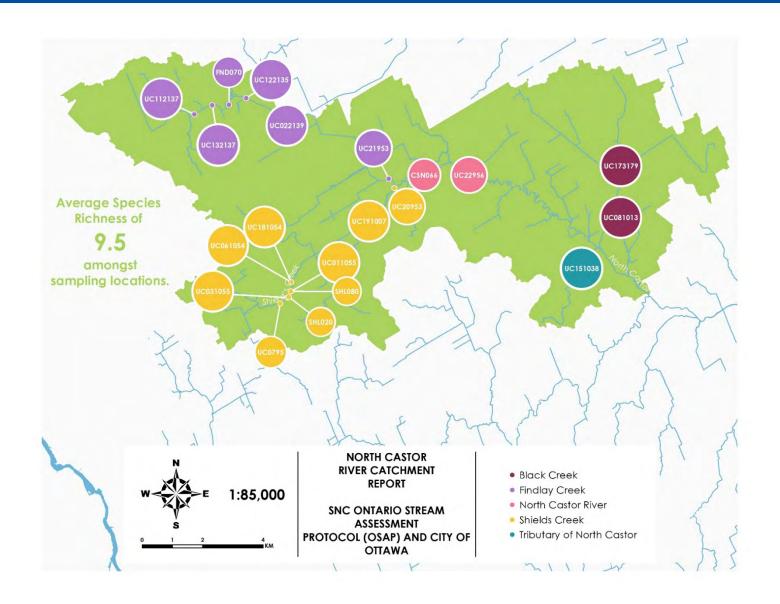
#### Water Quality Monitoring – Water Temperature



Average maximum daily water temperature at each site monitored along the North Castor River and its tributaries for June-September 2018



#### **Fisheries Communities**





#### **Benthic Invertebrates**



Emerging dragonfly at a sampling location

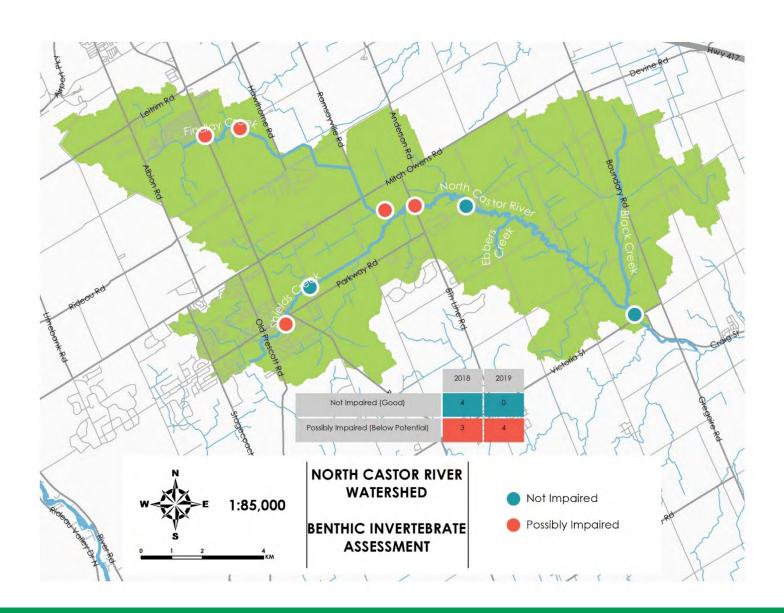


Benthic macroinvertebrate - Caddisfly

- Provincial Methodology:
   Ontario Benthos
   Biomonitoring Network
- Reference Condition
   Approach to test stream condition



#### Benthic Invertebrates





#### Stewardship and Land Management Opportunities

## Prioritization of Projects

1. Protect Habitat

2. Remove Migration Barriers

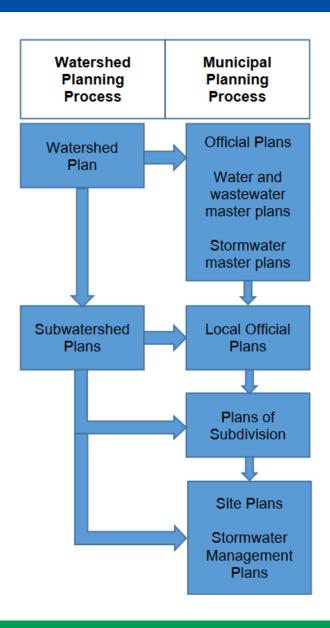
3. Restore Watershed Processes (sediment control, erosion, riparian zones)

4. Provide Instream Habitat Enhancements

 Past projects, objectives, and opportunities assessed

 New opportunities identified to match current land use and future land use predictions





- Address data and monitoring gaps
  - Road salts
  - Water budgets
  - Climate change
  - Wetland evaluation and delineation
- Guide the City of Ottawa through the creation of a Subwatershed Plan for the North Castor River



#### Monitoring to Action – Ecological Restoration



Before - Culvert Crossing, North Castor River

- Integrated development and review of projects
- Continued monitoring

- Opportunities identified in the field
- Prioritized
- Funding secured through grants and partners

After – Culvert Crossing, North Castor River





#### Monitoring to Action – Ecological Restoration



 Natural space reclaimed, 850 trees and shrubs planted, 110 large caliper trees, erosion control, increase biodiversity, pollinator meadow habitat, outreach with students, presentations to community

## Our Local Environment, We're in it Together.

