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Collins Barrow WCM LLP 79 Main Street PO Box 815 Morrisburg, Ontario K0C 1X0 Canada

T. 613.543.3715 F. 613.543.4518

E: morrisburg@collinsbarrow.com www.collinsbarrow.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of South Nation River Conservation Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of South Nation River Conservation Authority, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and the statements of changes in net financial assets, operations, continuity of reserves and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of South Nation River Conservation Authority (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of South Nation River Conservation Authority as at December 31, 2015, and the results of its statement of changes in net financial assets, its operations, its statement of continuity of reserves and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Winchester, Ontario March 17, 2016 Collins Banow WCM LLP

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Statement of Financial Position Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2015	2014
FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash (Note 4) Accounts receivable Receivable from municipalities (Note 5)	\$ 2,097,143 985,254 687,905	\$ 2,814,265 489,542 738,996
	3,770,302	4,042,803
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred income Long term debt (Note 6)	480,020 9,932 1,068,821	510,844 8,873 1,237,521 111,475
	1,558,773	1,868,713
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,211,529	2,174,090
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Tangible capital assets (Note 7) Deposit on land Prepaid expenses	9,188,384 - 15,959 - 9,204,343	8,748,657 207,900 26,457 8,983,014
NET ASSETS (Note 11)	\$ 11,415,872	\$ 11,157,104

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Chairman

Director

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budget 2015	Actual 2015	Actual 2014
Surplus for the year	\$ (209,862)	\$ 258,768	\$ 129,785
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(629,190)	(573,062)	(90,990)
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	(127,000)	(124,000)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	3,097	3,363
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(3,097)	(3,363)
Depreciation	320,400	260,335	289,758
Deposit on land	-	207,900	(207,900)
Change in prepaid expenses		 10,498	(7,800)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets in the year	(518,652)	37,439	(11,147)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	2,174,090	2,174,090	2,185,237
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 1,655,438	\$ 2,211,529	\$ 2,174,090

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Statement of Continuity of Reserves Year Ended December 31, 2015

			- Charge		5 5 4	4955 1 '2 ES
Year Ended December 31, 2014	Balance Beginning of Year	From Operations		o Operations	11000	Balance End of Year
COMMITTED						
Sewage systems inspections	\$ (41,954)	\$ -	\$	₩.	\$	(41,954)
Dr. Jackson - forestry programs	9,890	94		-		9,984
Findlay Creek	187,498	1,764		2,060		187,202
Environmental projects	18,384	173		-		18,557
Revenue sharing (Note 8.a.)	197,954	1,864				199,818
School programs (Note 8.b.)	2,148	20		*		2,168
Land acquisition - forestry	43,240	407		-		43,647
Memorial fund (Note 8.b.)	42,813	3,354		-		46,168
McIntosh Park	 2,991	14		3,005		
Subtotal committed	462,964	7,690		5,065		465,590
PERATING	\$ 681,104	\$ 11,443	\$		\$	692,546
CAPITAL PROJECTS	690,379	175,414		39,360		826,432
VATER CONTROL STRUCTURES	94,234	5,911		-		100,145
ear Ended December 31, 2015	\$ 1,928,681	\$ 200,458	\$	44,425	\$	2,084,713
ear Ended ecember 31, 2014	\$ 2,199,031	\$ 117,470	\$	387,820	\$	1,928,681

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY **Statement of Operations** Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Budget 2015		Actual 2015		Actual 2014
REVENUE						
MNR	\$	176,490	\$	176,409	\$	176,409
Source water protection	-	212,546	~	194,051	Ψ	240,409
Municipal levy		2,935,182		2,938,949		2,861,352
Special levy		552,937		461,139		438,129
Other sources	_	3,217,905		2,727,044		2,303,925
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		7,095,060		6,497,592		6,020,224
SCIENCE & RESEARCH (Schedule 1)						
Resource management		820,632		651,914		601,257
Resource services		684,519		474,987		522,808
Projects	-	752,999		732,807		531,428
	-	2,258,150		1,859,708		1,655,493
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT & APPROVALS (Scheen	dule	2)				
Approvals		1,826,398		1,444,288		1,266,804
Property		875,394		701,868		871,423
Projects	-	224,120		189,892		219,373
		2,925,912		2,336,048		2,357,600
ORGANIZATION EFFECTIVENESS (Schedule 3)						
Corporate services		1,218,215		1,174,408		1,093,095
Information management and technology		262,747		259,832		243,798
Communications and outreach		319,498		348,493		250,695
		1,800,460		1,782,733		1,587,588
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		6,984,522		5,978,489		5,600,681
DEPRECIATION	77	320,400		260,335		289,758
TOTAL EXPENSES		7,304,922		6,238,824		5,890,439
SURPLUS	\$	(209,862)	\$	258,768	\$	129,785

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2015

		2015	2014
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Surplus	\$	258,768	\$ 129,785
Items not affecting cash:			,
Depreciation		260,335	289,758
Contributed tangible capital assets		(127,000)	(124,000)
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(3,097)	 (3,363)
	_	389,006	292,180
Changes in non-cash working capital:			
Accounts receivable		(495,712)	671,780
Receivable from municipalities		51,091	50,217
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(98,357)	20,822
Government remittances payable		1,059	1,661
Deferred income		(168,700)	384,813
Deposit on land		=	(207,900)
Prepaid expenses		10,498	 (7,800)
		(700,121)	913,593
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities		(311,115)	1,205,773
CAPITAL ACTIVITY			
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(207 000)	(00.000)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		(297,629)	(90,990)
1 1000000 off disposal of tarigible capital assets	_	3,097	 3,363
Cash flow used by capital activity		(294,532)	(87,627)
FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Repayment of long term debt		(111,475)	(111,475)
NCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	×	(717,122)	1,006,671
CASH - BEGINNING OF PERIOD		2,814,265	1,807,594
CASH - END OF YEAR (Note 4)	\$	2,097,143	\$ 2,814,265

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The South Nation River Conservation Authority (the "Authority") is established under the Conservation Authorities Act-Ontario. It acts as the agent for water and land conservation and management for its member municipalities.

The Authority is a registered charity and, as such, is exempt from income tax and may issue tax receipts to donors.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Authority are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Revenue and expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as it becomes available and measurable and an expenditure is recognized when incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash held in banks and cash on hand.

Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

Deferred income

The authority receives certain amounts from other entities, the proceeds of which may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or completion of specific work. Further, certain user charges and fees are collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts are recognized as revenue when the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

Reserves

Reserves for future expenditures and contingencies are established as required at the discretion of the members of the Board of Directors of the Authority. Increases or decreases in these reserves are made by appropriations to or from reserves.

(continues)



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of contribution. Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Land improvements - Trails Land improvements - Parking Lots and Boardwalks	10 years 20 years	straight-line method straight-line method
Buildings - Frame	25 years	straight-line method
Building - Bricks and Steel	40 years	straight-line method
Equipment -	5 years	straight-line method
Telecommunications	1.70	
Equipment - Monitoring	8 years	straight-line method
Equipment - Other	10 years	straight-line method
Vehicles - Cars	5 years	straight-line method
Vehicles - Trucks	7 years	straight-line method
Computer equipment -	3 years	straight-line method
Computers		
Computer equipment - Network/AV	5 years	straight-line method
Computer software -	3 years	straight-line method
Computer		
Computer software -	5 years	straight-line method
Network/AV		
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	straight-line method
Flood control structures	50 years	straight-line method

One half of the above rates are used in the year of acquisition

Tangible capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Tangible capital assets received as unrestricted contributions are recorded at fair market value at the date of receipt and are also recorded as revenue. Tangible capital assets received as restricted contributions are recorded at fair market value at the date of receipt and are applied directly to net assets.

The organization regularly reviews its tangible capital assets to eliminate obsolete items.

The organization has capitalization thresholds. For land improvement, building, flood control structures, equipment and vehicles, the capitalization threshold is \$3,500. For computer software, computer equipment and furniture and fixtures, the capitalization threshold is \$1,000. Furthermore, computer equipment, computer software and furniture and fixtures can be pooled, with a pool threshold of \$3,500 for each class.

(continues)



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition

The Authority follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Government assistance is recorded as revenue when eligible claims are determined and the expenditure incurred. Levies on member municipalities are recorded after Board of Directors' approval and recorded as revenue in the year levied. When revenue from special programs is received in advance of the related expenditure, such revenue is deferred until the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Donated materials and services.

Donated materials and services are recorded at fair market value if they would otherwise have been purchased.

Contributed services

Volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Due to the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

Since precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependant upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and assumptions. These have been made using careful judgments. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in the periods in which they become known. Areas where estimations are used include accrued liabilities, deferred revenue, useful life of tangible capital assets and allowance for doubtful accounts.



3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The significant financial risks to which the Authority is exposed are credit risk and interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk from customers and funding partners. In order to reduce its credit risk, the organization reviews a new customer's credit history before extending credit and conducts regular reviews of its existing customers' credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The organization is exposed to a high concentration of credit risk as two entities represent 54% of accounts receivable and one entity represents 93% of long-term receivable from municipalities (Note 5).

Interest Rate

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the organization manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. Interest on the organization's bank accounts are based on variable rates. Fluctuations in the bank's prime rates would result in variations to interest income.

4. CASH

The Authority's bank account is held at a chartered bank. The bank account earns interest at prime less 1.95% to prime less 1.85%.

5.	RECEIVABLE FROM MUNICIPALITIES			
		-	2015	 2014
	Due from various municipalities for their portion of the funds used to purchase and renovate the new head office in Finch. Receivable in blended payments with interest charged at approximately prime less 1.25% (in line with organization's			
	expected rate of return in its bank account).	\$	687,905	\$ 738,996
	Principal receivable terms are approximately: 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Thereafter	\$	52,682 53,484 54,298 55,125 55,964 416,352	
		\$	687,905	



6.	LONG TERM DEBT				
		-	2015	5	2014
	Harmke Velema non-interest bearing loan, repayable in annual payments of \$111,475. The loan matured January 2015.	\$	-	\$	111,475

TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS 2015 2014 Historical Accumulated Net book Net book Cost amortization value value Land 6,158,870 6,158,870 5,637,551 Buildings 1,204,756 215,073 989,683 1,020,343 Equipment 330,954 217,449 113,505 97,513 Furniture and fixtures 271,496 169,555 101,941 129,137 Vehicles 302,804 203,630 99,174 120,470 Computer and networking equipment 407,119 342,950 64,169 59,664 Computer software 129,777 60,983 68,794 20,005 Parking lot and other land improvements 266,292 61,124 205,168 190,774 Flood control structures 4,814,000 3,426,920 1,387,080 1,473,200 \$ 13,886,068 \$ 4,697,684 \$ 9,188,384 8,748,657

The organization acquired \$700,062 of tangible capital assets during the year including \$127,000 (2014 - \$124,000) of donated land.

At year end, a total of \$67,539 of tangible capital assets were not in use and thus have not been amortized.

8. RESERVES

7.

a) Revenue Sharing

In accordance with the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry Revenue Sharing Policy, \$1,864 (2014 - \$2,263) of interest received during the year has been transferred to the revenue sharing reserve.

b) School Programs and Memorial Fund

These reserves were established in 1998 to receive specified donations that are used to fund the School Programs and the Memorial Fund.



9. CONTINGENCIES

Under the Forestry Act, the Authority may be liable to the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry for an amount not greater than 50% of the proceeds from sale of lands for which acquisition grants were received from the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry. As of December 31, 2015, management is not aware of any liability in this regard.

10. CREDIT FACILITIES - ROYAL BANK

The Authority has an authorized \$1,000,000 revolving demand facility by way of Royal Bank Prime based loans bearing interest at prime less 0.50% and Bankers' Acceptance with an acceptance fee of 0.40%.

This facility is secured by:

- a) General security agreement signed by the borrower constituting a first ranking security interest in all personal property of the borrower;
- b) Borrowing resolution.

As at December 31, 2015, \$1,000,000 was available on this facility.

11. NET ASSETS

	2015 201	14
Net Assets, beginning of year Surplus for the year	\$ 11,157,104	
	\$ 11,415,872 \$ 11,157,10	4
Net Assets consists of: Tangible capital assets Reserves Deposit on land Accumulated surplus	\$ 9,188,384 \$ 8,637,182 2,084,713 1,928,683 - 207,900 142,775 383,343 \$ 11,415,872 \$ 11,157,104	1 D 1
Net Assets Invested in Tangible Capital Assets consists of: Tangible capital assets Long term debt	\$ 9,188,384 \$ 8,748,657 - (111,475 \$ 9,188,384 \$ 8,637,182	7 5)

12. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

The comparative amounts presented in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Science & Research (Schedule 1) Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2015		2014
SCIENCE & RESEARCH			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 935,495	\$	883,597
Contracted and technical services	228,143		62,077
Grants	211,162		229,299
Tree planting material and services	134,645		141,611
Consultants and legal fees	90,106		170,342
Supplies	62,816		33,021
Vehicle	48,037		22,944
Equipment repairs and maintenance	43,038		21,023
Program support	39,899		34,014
Advertising and promotion	28,810		20,713
Travel and training	24,231		25,165
Leases	5,477		4,093
Committee meetings	4,661		3,314
Telephone	2,851		2,012
Bank charges and interest	337		347
Memberships	 -		1,921
	\$ 1,859,708	\$	1,655,493

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Property Management & Approvals (Schedule 2) Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2015	2014	
	2013	2014	
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT & APPROVALS			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 1,629,641	\$ 1,421,222	
Contracted and technical services	324,159	420,060	
Equipment repairs and maintenance	62,824	22,912	
Supplies	60,393	116,755	
Property taxes and drainage assessment	54,585	54,081	
Consultants and legal fees	43,557	111,643	
Travel and training	43,440	41,585	
Utilities	38,513	41,391	
Vehicle	22,138	45,201	
Program support	21,656	34,069	
Advertising and promotion	10,415	21,245	
Leases	7,619	10,362	
Bank charges and interest	4,949	4,751	
Tree planting material	4,726	2,009	
Memberships	3,703	4,721	
Telephone	2,506	2,763	
Committee meetings	 1,224	2,830	
	\$ 2,336,048	\$ 2,357,600	

SOUTH NATION RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY Organization Effectiveness (Schedule 3) Year Ended December 31, 2015

		2015		2014
ORGANIZATION EFFECTIVENESS				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	1,140,389	\$	1,070,614
Contracted and technical services	Ψ	122,151	Ψ	60,431
Board and committee meetings		91,901		82,441
Travel and training		78,288		72,460
Consultants, legal and audit fees		70,185		64,900
Supplies		69,283		58,334
Insurance		51,364		46,903
Telephone and internet		39,902		38,220
Advertising and promotion		35,994		22,217
Conservation Ontario levy		28,695		27,340
Memberships		26,853		14,442
Equipment, software, repairs and maintenance		19,906		18,238
Grants		4,800		4,050
Bank charges and interest		1,845		1,846
Program support		1,177		5,152
	\$	1,782,733	\$	1,587,588